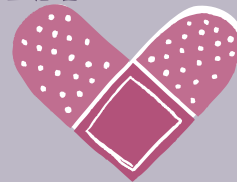


Respiratory Syncytial Virus Vaccine

(RSV)



Who should get vaccinated?



Pregnant Women

Pregnant women need one dose of RSV vaccine between weeks 32 and 36 of pregnancy.



Older Adults

All adults ages 75 years and older can get one dose of RSV vaccine.

Adults ages 60 through 74 who are at increased risk of severe RSV can receive 1 dose of RSV vaccine. If you are unsure, ask your doctor about your risk for severe RSV.

Why get vaccinated?

This vaccine can prevent RSV, a common disease that can cause runny nose, decreased appetite, coughing, sneezing, fever, or wheezing.

Complications include worsening of preexisting conditions, pneumonia, bronchiolitis, hospitalization, and death.

You can get this disease by either touching surfaces with RSV on it or breathing in the air near someone with RSV who coughs or sneezes.

Fast facts about the RSV vaccine

1



The vaccine is a 1-dose vaccine given to all pregnant women and older adults.

2



Pregnant women who are vaccinated can protect their babies, too.

3



73-80% effective

The vaccine is 73 – 80% effective against RSV.

To learn more about this vaccine and possible side effects, see the CDC Vaccine Information Statements:



Health is a community effort — tell your friends, family, and coworkers. Learn more about the benefits of vaccines and which ones you might need at [JuntosEnSalud.org](https://www.juntosensalud.org).

JUNTOS
en SALUD



UTHealth Houston
TEPHI TEXAS EPIDEMIC
PUBLIC HEALTH
INSTITUTE